US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

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#### APPEICATION FOR PROJECT XL: LEACHATE RECIRCULATION AND BIOREACTOR SYSTEMS



WASTE MANAGEMENT
King George County Landfill and Recycling Center
Maplewood Recycling and Waste Disposal Facility

1 August 2000







#### Overview

- Purpose of Project and Overview
- Permitting
- and Bioreactor System Programs Description of Leachate Recirculation
- Components of Final Project Agreement Technical Scope of Work Pertormed Legal Requirements of USEPA Proposes Outline of Proposed Monitoring Program

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#### What are Leachate Recirculation and **Bioreactor Technologies About?**

♦ Well-established technologies;
 ♦ First used in 1974; hundreds of successful

applications since then;

DE Solid Authorits Since Mid

19801s.

- Currently being used at nearly one hundred landfills;
- ♦ WM is recirculating leachate at three landfills in Virginia: Charles City County, Middle Peninsula, and Atlantic Waste.

Germany Switzer

# Benefits of Bioreactor Landfills



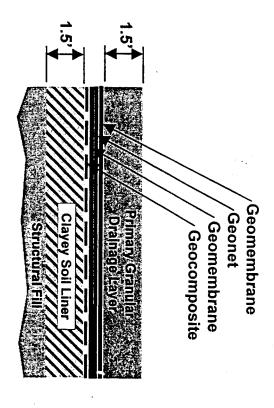
- Improved leachate quality;
- Decreased leachate management costs;
- Increased waste disposal capacity;
- Improved economics of energy recovery project feasibility;
- Earlier re-use of site;
- system; Reduced settlement and strain in final cover
- Decreased post-closure care maintenance requirements;
- environment. Decreased potential for post-closure impacts to

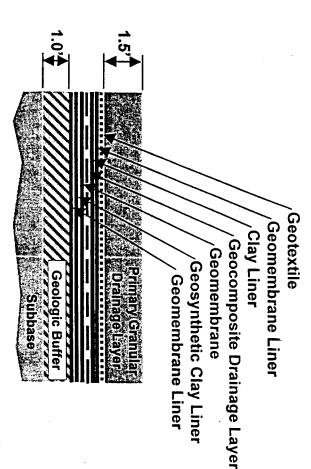


## Introduction

- Project involves development of leachate landfill bioreactor at King George County Landfill recirculation system at Maplewood Landfill and
- Overall Goals are:
- application rates for bioreactors Evaluate the relative effectiveness of different liquid
- Quantify the many benefits of leachate recirculation and bioreactor technologies on an operational scale
- Requires regulatory flexibility regarding the Liquids Restriction of 40 CFR 258.28.

## Liner System Details: Maplewood and King George County Landfills





MAPLEWOOD LANDFILL

KING GEORGE COUNTY LANDFILL

#### Commonwealth of Virginia Benefits

- Pollution Prevention
  - Air no long-term gas potential
  - Groundwater/surface water no long-term leachate potential
  - Avoid other leachate disposal issues
- ♦ No Future "Open Dump" Status
- ♦ Waste Stabilization
  - Prior to closure
  - Active permit control
  - Financial assurance
  - Reduced cost to Commonwealth

### Permitting

- Permit Amendment
- Solid Waste Experimental Facility Permit
- (9 VAC 20-80-480.G.)
- for solid waste facility which proposes to utilize treatment technology or process an innovative and experimental solid waste
- protect human health and the environment
- public participation operation, closure, variance, financial assurance, permit review: local certification, design,
- duration: 4 years maximum, 1 year renewable

### Permitting

- Permit Amendment
- Variances
- VSWMR requires a composite liner
- Lower component: 2' soil (1X10-7 cm/sec)
- Upper component: 60-mil HDPE
- Both facilities currently have variances to alternate liner
- Need a variance to leachate collection for alternate liner
- alternate liner facility Need a variance to recirculating bulk liquids in an

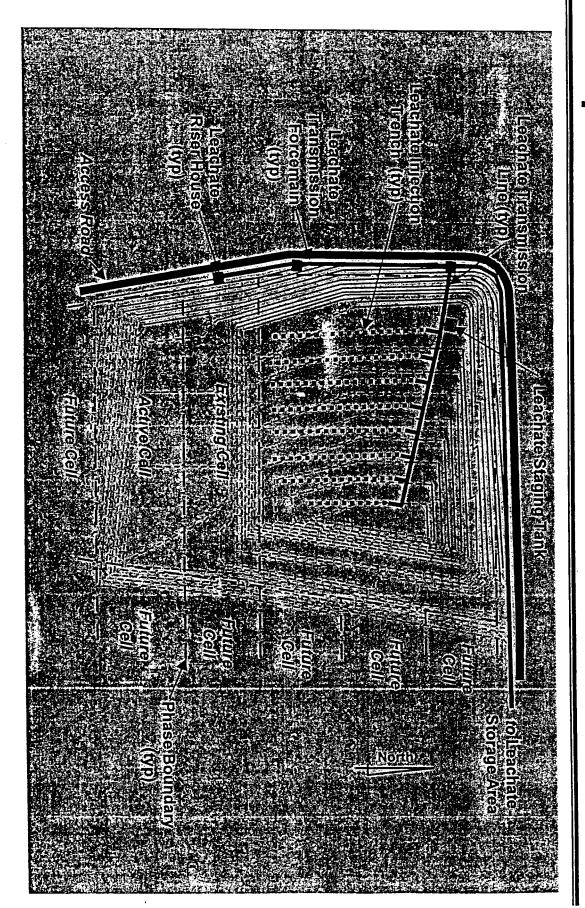
## Permitting

- Permit Amendment
- Water Discharge Permit
- Air Permit
- NSPS (40 CFR §60.750)

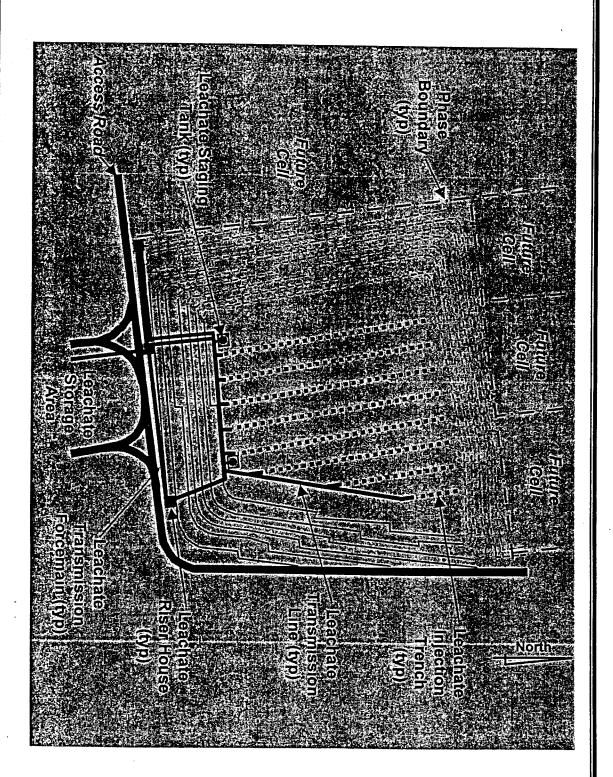
#### **Design Criteria**

- Maplewood Landfill: recirculate all of the leachate generated;
- ◆ King George County Landfill: recirculate twice the amount recirculated at the Maplewood Landfill;
- Uniformly distribute leachate throughout the waste mass;
- Place distribution structures at least 100 feet from the crests of slopes;
- Provide monitoring features within the liquid application structures; and
- Manage landfill gas throughout the recirculation process.

# Leachate Recirculation System Layout: Maplewood Landfill



# Landfill Bioreactor System Layout: King George County Landfill



# **Monitoring Program**

- Measure leachate quality in test cells and control cells;
- treated; Track the total quantity of leachate collected and
- sources; Track the total cost for leachate treatment at off-site
- trenches; Track the rate that leachate can be applied to the
- Monitor for the occurrence of odors;
- Monitor for landfill gas components (i.e., NMOCs, methane); and
- Track the settlement of the waste.